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The cost of **Comfort**

FOR over a decade, electricity tariffs for commercial buildings under Tenaga Nasional Bhd's (TMB) C1 category (medium volt-age general commercial tariff) remained stable, providing a level of predictability for budget-ing and operational planning. However, recent years have seen a steep and sudden rise in electricity costs, significantly impacting the commercial sector – particularly hotels, shopping malls and office buildings. This increase, averaging around 40%, is not due to higher usage or reduced efficiency, but is largely driven by the Imbalance Cost Pass-Through (ICPT) rate. Introduced to manage power generation costs, the ICPT has seen rates soar from none prior to 2015 to as high as RM0.20 per

removable to a solution of the second second

translating to an additional RM3mil annually. With hundreds of similar prop-erties nationwide, from boutique hotels to sprawling malls, the cumulative effect on Malaysia's commercial landscape is signifi-cant, averaging around 40% overall.

Who pays?

The ICPT mechanism was introduced to stabilise energy costs for TNB while encouraging

costs for TNB while encouraging efficient power generation. However, its impact has been deeply felt across the commercial sector. Earlier this year, S&P Global Ratings projected that TNB would recover RM6bil through the ICPT mechanism. Although this revenue is spread across various sectors, commercial properties bear a substantial portion of the cost. At the consumer level, this adjustment adds approximately

adjustment adds approximately RM176 per month to household



Technical committee member Malaysia Shopping Malls Association



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expenses, contributing to rising prices for goods and services. The financial burden extends beyond operating costs, creating ripple effects throughout the economy. Property owners are forced to adjust rents or service charges to offset these expenses. When rates remain

charges to offset these expenses. When rates remain unchanged, someone down the line inevitably bears the cost – be it service providers, manufactur-ers, retailers, or consumers. This cascading effect exacerbates inflationary pressures, reaching every corner of the economy.

A silver lining

While these rising costs are daunting, they are also driving the commercial sector to rethink energy management.



The commercial sector needs to rethink energy management

Historically, Malaysia's relative-ly low power and fuel rates have allowed businesses to operate with minimal energy costs. However, this has led to a degree of complacency, with energy effi-ciency often taking a backseat to short-term savings. The recent surge in electricity costs has prompted businesses to act. Building owners and facility managers are now prioritising energy conservation by retrofit-ting older properties with effi-

energy conservation by retront-ting older properties with effi-cient lighting and HVAC systems and integrating advanced energy management technologies into new developments. These measures go beyond cost-cuting; even minor improvements can lead to significant long-term savings.

Modern asset management

management Rising energy costs are also reshaping the role of building management. Managing a large commercial facility today requires actuation of the second second actuation of the second second and maintain costly mechanical and electrical systems. Malaysis 1990s construction boom left a legacy of mega malls and office towers with ageing mechanical and electrical equip-mechanical and electrical equip-tion pouring money into a leaking jar, underscoring the importance of energy efficiency and asset

enhancement initiatives. The facilities management industry is adapting to this shift, with increasing demand for expertise in energy efficiency and cost management. Service providers and mainte-nance teams must now be profes-

nance teams must now be professionally trained in the latest tech-nologies, emphasising the need for well-educated and experi-enced personnel in this field.

Small adjustments with

Small adjustments with big impacts While designers and developers can implement advanced sys-tems, energy savings ultimately depend on user behaviour. As the industry pushes for energy efficiency, there's a paral-lel need for a cultural shift in consumer habits. Malaysians must reconsider everyday ener-gy use – reducing unnecessary must reconsider everyday ener-gy use – reducing unnecessary air conditioning in common areas, ensuring doors to air-con-ditioned spaces are kept closed and turning off lights and appli-ances when not in use. For instance, hotel guests can contribute by turning off the air conditioning when leaving their rooms, while restaurants can con-serve energy by closing underuti-

Chronology of ICPT rates

lised sections during off-peak hours. Small actions like these, when adopted collectively, can have a significant impact.

The call to innovate, not inflate

inflate For developers, the message is clear. Prioritise energy efficiency from the outset. Buildings con-structed today will face future tariff uncertainties, making sus-tainable energy management essential at every design stage. The rising cost of electricity is more than just a financial head-ache; it is a wake-up call – a shock to the system. Businesses and property owners must choose between innovation and inflation. Energy efficiency must move

Energy efficiency must move beyond being a buzzword and

beyond being a buzzword and become a movement. Simple changes, like ensuring air condi-tioning cool people rather than empty chairs, can make a big difference. By fostering awareness and embracing sustainable practices, from smarter management to mindful consumer habits, Malaysia's commercial sector can navigate this new landscape effec-tively. After all, with great power bills comes great responsibility.

Date	ICPT Adjustment (RM/kWh)	Remarks
1/3/2015 (Start)	- RM0.0225	rebate
1/1/2016	- RM0.0152	rebate
1/7/2018	+ RM0.0135	surcharge
1/3/2019	+ RM0.0255	surcharge
1/1/2020	+ RM0.02	surcharge
1/7/2020	No ICPT	Covid-19 no ICPT
1/1/2021	- RM0.02	Covid-19 rebate 2 sen
1/2/2022	+ RM0.037	surcharge
1/1/2023	+ RM0.20	surcharge
1/7/2023	+ RM0.17	surcharge
1/7/2024	+ RM0.16	surcharge

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