# ANALYST BRIEFING 4QFY2023

1 March 2024



#### **Energy Sources**



## TNB transitioning into green entity with a strong ~7,700MW development pipeline



## TNB pledge for no more coal plants. We will replace retiring coal plants with green pipeline projects

	Projects			2023 Key Achievements	Outlook 2024	
	Sungai Perak Hydro Life Extension Programme	651MW	COD: 2026	Completed feasibility study and assessment	<ul><li>Finalisation of new PPA</li><li>Commencement of preliminary and main works</li></ul>	
	Nenggiri Hydro Project	Hybrid Hydro-Floating ~2,500MW Phase 1 230MW, COD: 2025 Phase 2 470MW, COD: 2028 Finally and the phase 2 470MW, COD: 2028		Achieved 29% project progress	Achieve 56% project progress	
	Hybrid Hydro-Floating Solar PV (HHFS)			Finalisation of potential offtake mechanisms, completion of feasibility studies and ESIA¹		
GenCo	Electricity Export to Singapore			Completed negotiation with Single Buyer on System Access Agreement	Finalisation of relevant agreements and licensing by 2QFY2024	
	Paka Repowering	1,400MW	COD: 2030	Completed feasibility study	Finalisation of relevant agreements with the regulator	
	New Combined Cycle Power Plant (Kapar)	2,100MW	COD: 2031	Commencement of feasibility study	Receive Letter of Notification from regulator	
	Co-firing of Hydrogen & Ammonia			Hydrogen: Appointment of consultant for feasibility study Ammonia: Kick-off Front End Engineering Design (FEED) study	Hydrogen: Completion of feasibility study Ammonia: Completion of FEED study & regulatory review	
	COD & Acquisition/ Divest	ment		<ul> <li>COD of TNB Bukit Selambau Solar 2, 21 Dec'23 (50MW)</li> <li>Acquisition of operational solar asset in Ireland (276MW)</li> <li>Divestment of GMR India</li> </ul>		
NED	Solar Greenfield Development (UK)	102MW	COD: 2024	Discharged remaining plan conditions	Achieve COD by 3QFY2024	
	Corporate Green Power Programme (CGPP)	90MW	COD: 2025	Finalised key agreements	Construction work to start in 2QFY2024	
	Large-Scale Solar Parks	5 x 100MW	COD: 2026	Completed preliminary financial modelling	Achieve financial close	
Data as of December 202	23				1 Environmental Social Impact Assessment	





## Grid of the Future is key to unlock Malaysia's Energy Transition ambition and ensuring sustainability and vitality of our core business; while interconnection continues to see encouraging bilateral developments

RP3 **Approved ET Capex** (RM8.20 bil) Supporting the Energy Transition (ET) and RAB growth

100%

FY2023 ET CAPEX utilisation

**RM2.76** bil

FY2024 ET CAPEX: RM3.33 bil

Key **Projects** 

#### **Smart Meter Installation progress (RP3):**

Installed 873,740 units

**>100%** FY2023 Target: 600,000 units Total Installed to date: 1,712,570 units

FY2024 Target: 600,000 units

**Volt-Var Optimisation (VVO) progress:** 



**Achieved 120 MVAr** 

**600%** FY2023 Target: 120 MVAr

FY2024 Target: 160 MVAr

#### **Regional Interconnections**

PT PLN and **ASEAN Centre** for Energy (ACE) Feasibility study for Cross-Border Electricity Interconnection between Sumatra, Indonesia, and Peninsular Malaysia.

#### **Progress:**

Feasibility study commenced in 1QFY2024 and currently in the final stages of agreement with the consultant appointed for this study.

**SP Power** Assets (SPPA) Assess the Technical Feasibility of a Second Power Interconnection Linking Peninsular Malaysia and Singapore.

#### **Progress:**

The process of procuring a consultant for this study is underway, with the study expected to commence in 2QFY2024.

Laos PDR-Thailand-Malaysia-**Singapore Power Integration Project** (LTMS-PIP)

Enables Laos to export up to 100MW of renewable hydropower to Singapore using existing Thailand and Malaysia interconnections for 2 years period from 22 June 2022 to 22 June 2024.

#### **Progress:**

TNB is currently working with EC & PETRA<sup>1</sup> to engage Laos, Thailand and Singapore to determine the way forward for LTMS beyond its expiry on 22 June 2024.

Data as of December 2023





### Timely completion of 9 data centre projects; committed to support the growing demand

### **Green Lane Pathway** was introduced: > To streamline the on-boarding process, **Expedite approvals**, and > Facilitate a smooth setup of data centre operations. Enabled us to deliver: 9 ~635MW Completed Total energy demand **Projects** Microsoft (a) edgeconnex\* Оиттрата SIPP-YTL I VANTAGE\* ~RM350 mil Annual sales



## 2024 Outlook

**New Data Centre Projects** Expected to be completed 9 **Projects** Total energy demand New ESA **Projects** Potential energy demand By 2035 **Potential Maximum Demand** 

>5,000MW





**Electric Vehicle (EV)** 

# TNB aims to proliferate the number of BEVs by installing EV charge points at strategic locations across Peninsular Malaysia

#### 2023 Key Achievements

32 Charge points installed >

5 Projects
14 DC Charge Points
18 AC Charge Points

#### **Commissioned 3 TNB Electron Stations**

**TNB Electron Ayer Keroh** 



**TNB Electron Tapah** 



TNB Electron Paka



2024 Outlook

1 electron station by 1QFY24

5 electron stations by 2QFY24

Supporting the target of



**50** 

Additional DC Charge Points by end of 2024

**Demand Growth from EV Charging Station** 



**112MW** 



126

**Electricity demand** 

**Green Lane supply connection applications** 

Data as of December 2023

#### **Energy Usage**





# GSPARX provides the 'extra' push on renewable energy penetration while growing TNB's revenue source

#### 2023 Key Achievements



#### Universiti Malaysia Pahang

 Completed installation of solar panels to generate 3.5MWp of solar capacity (inclusive of rooftop and floating solar) at UMP Pekan, Pahang.

## **LRG**

#### **LRG Rubber Sdn Bhd**

- LRG Rubber Sdn Bhd has awarded GSPARX to install 5.3MWp rooftop solar PV at their factories in Kuala Krai, Kelantan and Bentong, Pahang.
- This project is under Outright Purchase arrangement and to be completed by 4QFY2024.



#### **Resonac Material Johor Sdn Bhd**

- GSPARX secured Outright Purchase project from Resonac Material (Johor) with the rooftop solar total capacity of 3.1MWp.
- Target to be delivered by 3QFY2024.



#### **KPJ Healthcare Berhad**

**AEON Big Sdn Bhd** 

- Signed SARE for 1.2MWp solar capacity across 5 hospitals (Phase 1) in November 2023.
- The project has kicked off and is currently in execution mode. Phase 2 of the project will be executed in 3QFY2024.

#### • Sig

## • Signed SARE for installation of rooftop solar photovoltaic (PV) systems at all AEON Malls and AEON Big outlets nationwide.

• GSPARX is expected to install and maintain a 77MWp PV system at the AEON ecosystem for 25 years.

#### **Collaboration with Sime Darby Property**





## 4.5MW

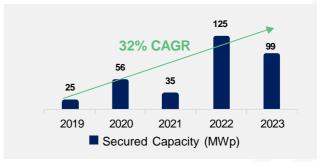
Solar capacity across 450 homes in City of Elmina (NETR)

#### **Progress:**

- Conducted a site visit to review technical proposals, including rooftop solar installation, Community Energy Storage System (CESS), and Voltage Regulating Distribution Transformer (VRDT).
- · Exploring solar rooftop leasing arrangements.

#### 2024 Outlook:

 Installation of solar system after EC approval has been obtained.



Rapid growth since inception (2019):

2,006
Projects secured
340MWp



2024 Outlook



up to 160MWp

Additional secured capacity

Data as of December 2023



# Amid a steady recovery in demand, our FY2023 PAT was impacted by generation underperformance and negative fuel margin

## REVENUE

(RM mil)

FY2023 +4.3% RM53,066.9

#### FY2022: RM 50,867.7

- Improved Y-o-Y electricity demand growth of 3.9% (Group) mainly from:
- Peninsular Malaysia of 3.6% from commercial and domestic sector; and
- ii. Sales of electricity from TNBI operations amounting to RM238.7 mil.

## **EBITDA**

(RM mil)

FY2023 RM18,622.6 (10.5%)

#### FY2022: RM20,812.0

EBITDA MARGIN: 35.1%\*

**EBITDA MARGIN: 40.9%** 

- While the regulated business recorded a stable performance, the generation business was impacted by negative fuel margin and lower revenue from capacity rate financial (CRF) step down.
- Y-o-Y EBITDA margin declined to 35.1% from 40.9% mainly due to:
  - i. Impact of negative fuel margin of RM618.7 mil (EBITDA without negative fuel margin: RM19,241.3 mil); and
- ii. Higher repair and maintenance cost of RM531.0 mil from Distribution Network but within the IBR approved level.

# PAT (RM mil)

FY2023 RM2,603.6

#### FY2022: RM3,557.4

- Impact of negative fuel margin on PAT FY2023 was cushioned by:
  - i. Lower tax expenses; and
  - ii. Higher finance income.

\*EBITDA margin (excl. fuel margin): 36.3% (FY2022 38.7%)



### Group earnings supported by strong and world-class network performance



Equivalent Plant Availability Factor, EAF (Generation) **FY2023** 

83.3%

FY2022: 83.2%

2023 Target: 81.8% 2024 Target: 78.6%



EAF performance secured generation assets' capacity revenue



System Minutes (Transmission) Minutes



SAIDI (Distribution Network) Minutes **FY2023** 

0.5

FY2022: 0.2

2023 Internal Threshold: 2.0 2024 Internal Threshold: 1.5

**FY2023** 

46.1

FY2022: 45.1

2023 Internal Threshold: 53.0 2024 Internal Threshold: 50.0

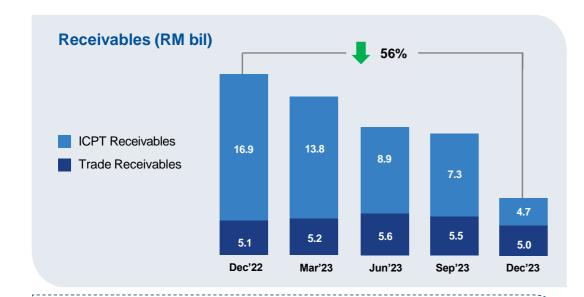




World class network performance safeguarded our regulated business earnings



# Lower receivables contributed by stabilised fuel prices and improvement in collection, strengthening our cash flow position



- Coal price has moderated from 351.53 USD/MT\* in December 2022 to 127.75 USD/MT\* in December 2023.
- 2024 Outlook: Easing fuel prices and improvement in collection will:
- ✓ strengthen working capital management; and
- ✓ provide a healthier cash flow position.

- 1 ICPT Cost Recovery for 2HFY2023 RM4.7 bil
- TNB will recover from the Government RM4.7 bil of ICPT cost for July to December 2023.
- To date, TNB has received RM3.13 bil of ICPT cost recovery (claim for July - October).

Improvement

in Collection

• Improvement in collection, recording strong collection trend (collection rate >100%).



- 3 ICPT Outlook for 2HFY2024 ~RM6.5 bil
- While coal price is projected to stabilise in 1HFY2024, lower coal consumption is expected due to Manjung 4 downtime (higher LNG consumption is projected to meet demand).
- ICPT mechanism is intact & TNB remains neutral.

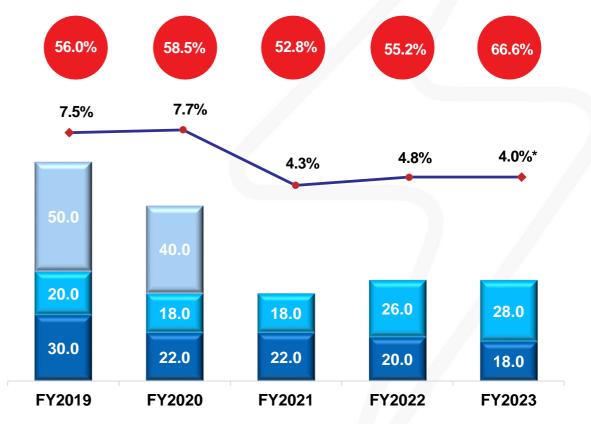
<sup>\*</sup> Source: globalCOAL Newcastle index



# Stability in regulated business performance enables us to reward shareholders while upholding our policy

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We will continue to honour our dividend policy of 30% to 60% dividend payout ratio, based on the reported Consolidated Net Profit Attributable to Shareholders After Minority Interest, excluding Extraordinary, Non-Recurring items



■Interim dividend per share (sen)
■Final dividend per share (sen)
■Special dividend per share (sen)

Dividend Payout ratio (%) (based on Adjusted Group PATAMI and excluding special dividend)

→ Dividend Yield



# Year 2024 stands as a significant year, as we work towards pursuing our Energy Transition Plan to achieve Net Zero 2050 aspirations



Demand growth is projected to be between 2.5%-3.0%



Total Group CAPEX:

**RM13.0** bil

Regulated capex\*: ~RM7.7 bil Non-regulated capex\*\*: ~RM5.3 bil

- \* ET Related capex of RM3.33 bil (includes system improvement CAPEX)
- \*\* Major projects, subsidiaries and corporate



- Proactive working capital management in current high fuel prices environment
- Active capital allocation and funding for growth



#### **Regulatory Period 4**

**Theme**: Delivering our customers' energy needs and facilitating Malaysia's Energy Transition

**Tariff Reform:** Towards cost reflectivity to ensure that the tariff is fair and equitable for the sustainability of the ecosystem



#### **Delivering Value to our Shareholders**

The stability of our regulated business will support us in delivering value to our shareholders through sustainable dividends



#### **Sustainable Growth**

Ensuring business growth as we progress towards supporting the NETR and becoming a leading provider of sustainable energy solutions



# Appendix

## **FY2023**

- Details on Financial Results
- Generation Business Performance
- International Business Performance
- Shareholdings

Year-on-Year (Y-o-Y) analysis



RM mil
Revenue
Imbalance Cost Pass Through (ICPT)
Operating expenses (without depreciation)
Net reversal/(loss) on impairment of financial instruments
Other operating income
EBITDA
EBITDA Margin (%)
Depreciation
EBIT
Foreign exchange:
- Transaction gain
- Translation (loss)
Share of results of joint ventures
Share of results of associates
Profit before finance cost
Fair value changes of financial instrument
Finance income
Finance cost
Profit from ordinary activities before taxation
Taxation and Zakat:
- Company and subsidiaries
- Deferred taxation
Profit for the period
Attributable to:
- Owners of the Company
- Non-controlling interests
Profit for the period

			Variar	nce		
	FY2023	FY2022	RM mil	%		
	53,066.9	50,867.7	2,199.2	4.3		
	10,598.2	22,315.3	(11,717.1)	(52.5)		
2	(46,105.4)	(53,209.6)	7,104.2	(13.4)		
3	114.7	(101.4)	216.1	>(100.0)		
	948.2	940.0	8.2	0.9		
	18,622.6	20,812.0	(2,189.4)	(10.5)		
	35.1%	40.9%	-	(5.8)		
	(11,265.7)	(11,402.5)	136.8	(1.2)		
	7,356.9	9,409.5	(2,052.6)	(21.8)		
			,			
	81.1	26.0	55.1	>100.0		
	(290.6)	(249.5)	(41.1)	16.5		
	18.1	21.0	(2.9)	(13.8)		
	44.3	76.6	(32.3)	(42.2)		
	7,209.8	9,283.6	(2,073.8)	(22.3)		
	(49.4)	130.7	(180.1)	>(100.0)		
ŀ	544.3	277.7	266.6	96.0		
	(4,331.1)	(4,343.4)	12.3	(0.3)		
	3,373.6	5,348.6	(1,975.0)	(36.9)		
5	(611.1)	(1,469.0)	857.9	(58.4)		
	(158.9)	(322.2)	163.3	(50.7)		
	2,603.6	3,557.4	(953.8)	(26.8)		
	2,770.3	2,770.3 3,463.3		(20.0)		
	(166.7)	94.1	(260.8)	>(100.0)		
	2,603.6	3,557.4	(953.8)	(26.8)		

#### Y-o-Y analysis:

- Higher Group revenue driven by sales demand growth of 3.9% and additional revenue from TNBI operations.
- Reduction in operating expenses was mainly due to lower generation cost.
- Includes reversal of impairment of Allowance for Doubtful Debts (ADD) of RM134.9 mil (FY2022 ADD of RM126.9 mil).
- Higher finance income mainly from interest income from fixed deposit.
- Lower tax expense in FY2023 due to higher capital allowance (CA) claim and one-off Prosperity Tax impact in FY2022.

## Quarter vs previous quarter (4QFY23 vs 3QFY23) analysis



RM mil
Revenue
Imbalance Cost Pass Through (ICPT)
Operating expenses (without depreciation)
Net reversal on impairment of financial instruments
Other operating income
EBITDA
EBITDA Margin (%)
Depreciation
EBIT
Foreign exchange:
- Transaction gain / (loss)
- Translation gain
Share of results of joint ventures
Share of results of associates
Profit before finance cost
Fair value changes of financial instrument
Finance income
Finance cost
Profit from ordinary activities before taxation
Taxation and Zakat:
- Company and subsidiaries
- Deferred taxation
Profit for the period
Attributable to:
- Owners of the Company
- Non-controlling interests
Profit for the period

			Variance
	4QFY23	3QFY23	RM mil %
	13,652.0	13,466.1	185.9 1.4
	2,106.6	1,999.1	107.5 5.4
	(11,964.0)	(10,905.1)	(1,058.9) 9.7
	146.8	20.4	126.4 >100.0
	338.4	214.2	124.2 58.0
	4,279.8	4,794.7	(514.9) (10.7)
	31.3%	35.6%	(4.3)
	(2,897.3)	(2,771.1)	(126.2) 4.6
	1,382.5	2,023.6	(641.1) (31.7)
	79.1	(58.3)	137.4 >(100.0)
	71.9	62.9	9.0 14.3
	8.7	3.9	4.8 >100.0
	18.0	10.5	7.5 71.4
	1,560.2	2,042.6	(482.4) (23.6)
	(63.9)	(32.4)	(31.5) 97.2
	132.6	155.2	(22.6) (14.6)
	(955.0)	(1,109.9)	154.9 (14.0)
	673.9	1,055.5	(381.6) (36.2)
$\langle$	20.5	(204.9)	225.4 >(100.0)
	(170.0)	26.8	(196.8) >(100.0)
	524.4	877.4	(353.0) (40.2)
	583.9	856.2	(272.3) (31.8)
	(59.5)	21.2	(80.7) >(100.0)
	524.4	877.4	(353.0) (40.2)

Q-vs-PrevQ analysis:

- Higher revenue mainly due to higher Group sales of electricity.
- Higher operating expenses mainly due to increase in coal price and TNB general expenses.
- Lower tax expense due to higher capital allowance and reinvestment allowance claims.
- Deferred tax movement resulted from overprovision of FY2022 and accrued revenue.

## Y-o-Y normalised EBITDA and PAT for FY2023



EBITDA		FY2023	FY2022
Components		RM mil	RM mil
Reported EBITDA		18,622.6	20,812.0
MFRS16 impact	1	(4,219.7)	(4,440.1)
Normalised EBITDA	2	14,402.9	16,371.9

PAT		FY2023	FY2022
Components		RM mil	RM mil
Reported PAT		2,603.6	3,557.4
Forex Translation loss		290.6	249.5
MFRS16 impact	1	673.6	920.3
Normalised PAT	2	3,567.8	4,727.2

MFRS16 impact:			
	FY2023 (RM mil)	FY2022 (RM mil)	Variance (RM mil)
Capacity Payment	4,219.7	4,440.1	(220.4)
Depreciation	(3,461.5)	(3,875.9)	414.4
Finance Cost	(1,636.5)	(1,756.4)	119.9
Deferred Tax	204.7	271.9	(67.2)
Net Impact	(673.6)	(920.3)	246.7

Lower normalised EBITDA and PAT mainly due to negative fuel margin of RM618.7 mil in FY2023 (positive fuel margin of RM1,107.8 mil in FY2022).



# Higher Y-o-Y sales of electricity for the Group mainly derived from stronger domestic economic growth and TNBI operations

	4QFY2	3	3QFY2	3	Variar (4QFY23 vs		FY2023		FY2022		Variance (FY2023 vs FY202		
UNITS SOLD	GWh		GWh		GWh	%	GWh		GWh			GWh	%
Sales of Electricity (GWh)													1
- TNB	31,491.4		31,448.1		<b>1</b> 43.3	0.1	123,206.0		118,881.6		1	4,324.4	3.6
- SESB	1,626.6		1,641.3		(14.7)	(0.9)	6,169.8		5,734.8			435.0	7.6
- EGAT (Export)	0.1		0.3		(0.2)	(66.7)	0.5		0.5				-
- TNBI*	171.3		182.1		2 (10.8)	(5.9)	694.0		617.3		2	76.7	12.4
Total Units Sold (GWh)	33,289.4		33,271.8		17.6	0.1	130,070.3		125,234.2			4,836.1	3.9
REVENUE	RM mil	Sen/ kWh	RM mil	Sen/ kWh	(RM mil)	%	RM mil	Sen/ kWh	RM mil	Sen/ kWh	(F	RM mil)	%
Sales of Electricity (RM)													
- TNB	12,570.3	40.50	12,646.5	40.15	(76.2)	(0.6)	49,278.7	40.15	47,428.1	40.17		1,850.6	3.9
- SESB	545.2	34.31	541.7	33.02	3.5	0.6	2,095.4	34.17	1,962.3	34.43		133.1	6.8
- Accrued Revenue	49.9		(0.2)	(0.01)	50.1	>(100.0)	232.8		16.9			215.9	>100.0
- EGAT (Export)	0.1	-	0.2	66.67	(0.1)	(50.0)	0.4	-	0.6	-		(0.2)	(33.3)
- TNBI	185.7	108.41	227.0	124.66	(41.3)	(18.2)	776.4	111.87	537.7	87.11		238.7	44.4
Sales of Electricity	13,351.2	40.11	13,415.2	40.32	(64.0)	(0.5)	52,383.7	40.27	49,945.6	39.88		2,438.1	4.9
Other Regulatory Adjustment	(255.6)		(417.2)		161.6	(38.7)	(1,243.9)		(778.1)		3	(465.8)	59.9
Relief Package from Government	-		-		-	-	-		0.6			(0.6)	(100.0)
SESB Tariff Support Subsidy	76.7		74.9		1.8	2.4	287.4		268.4			19.0	7.1
Fuel Subsidy - SESB	74.5		77.0		(2.5)	(3.2)	286.0		265.8			20.2	7.6
Total Sales of Electricity	13,246.8		13,149.9		96.9	0.7	51,713.2		49,702.3			2,010.9	4.0
Goods & Services	294.7		214.0		80.7	37.7	916.5		734.0		4	182.5	24.9
Construction contracts	35.9		31.3		4.6	14.7	151.1		155.1			(4.0)	(2.6)
Customers' Contribution	74.6		70.9		3.7	5.2	286.1		276.3			9.8	3.5
Total Revenue	13,652.0		13,466.1		185.9	1.4	53,066.9		50,867.7			2,199.2	4.3

4QFY23 vs 3QFY23: Higher units sold and sales of electricity from industrial and commercial sectors.

FY2023 vs FY2022: Higher units sold and sales of electricity from commercial and domestic sectors.

4QFY23 vs 3QFY23: Lower units sold and sales of electricity due to lower irradiance (solar).

FY2023 vs FY2022: Higher units sold and sales of electricity from new acquisitions.

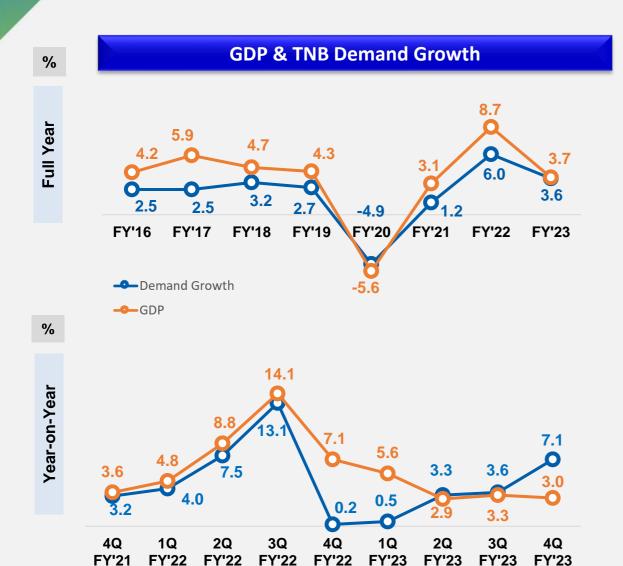
Refer Other Regulatory Adjustment slide.

Higher revenue recorded by subsidiaries.

<sup>\*</sup>Refer page 23 for details on TNBI

## Y-o-Y electricity demand grew in tandem with GDP



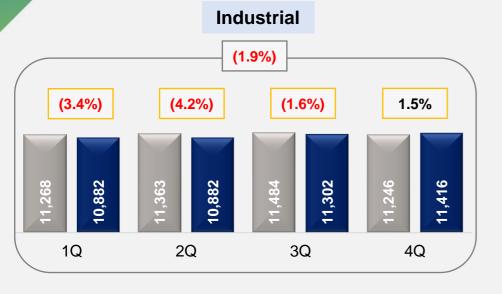


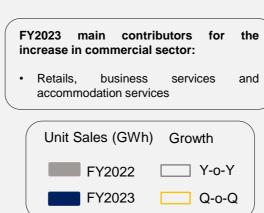


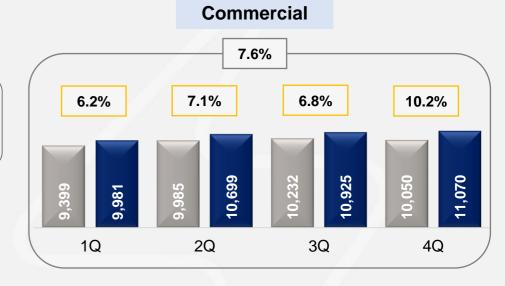
Source: Economic and Financial Developments in Malaysia in the Fourth Quarter of 2023, BNM

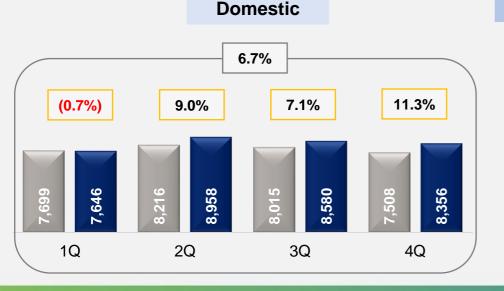
# Improved Y-o-Y electricity demand mainly contributed by commercial and domestic sectors

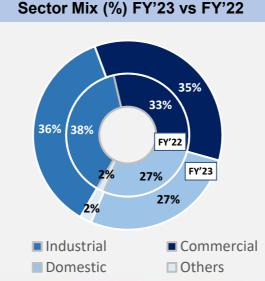


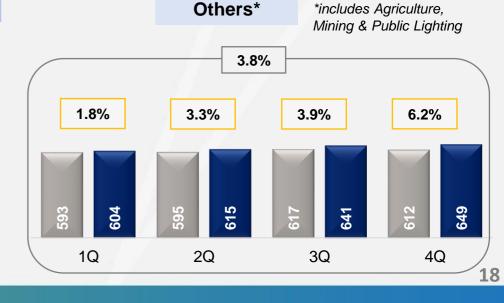












## As at FY2023, other regulatory adjustment of RM1,243.9 mil to be returned



#### **Components of Other Regulatory Adjustment**

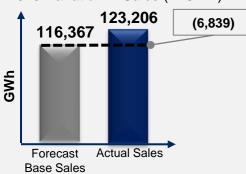
Revenue Adjustment for Revenue Cap & Price Cap Refund Related to Regulated Business Recovery of 2022 Pahang State Charges Recovery of 2021 ADD Regulatory Adjustment for SESB\*

**TOTAL** 

1QFY23	2QFY23	3QFY23	4QFY23		FY2023	FY2022
RM mil	RM mil	RM mil	RM mil		RM mil	RM mil
(1.4)	(418.1)	(384.3)	(334.8)	1	(1,138.6)	(517.1)
(71.1)	(67.8)	(63.7)	(87.8)		(290.4)	(273.4)
-	-	-	83.0		83.0	-
-	-	-	73.8		73.8	-
(3.2)	(9.5)	30.8	10.3		28.4	12.4
(75.8)	(495.4)	(417.2)	(255.5)		(1,243.9)	(778.1)

#### **Revenue Cap**

FY2023 Variation in Sales (in GWh)

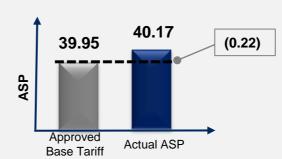


- The allowed annual revenue for revenue cap entities is based on 116.4TWh demand growth. Any excess/shortfall is adjusted through revenue adjustment mechanism.
- For FY2023, higher actual sales has led to amount to be returned via revenue adjustment mechanism.

Business Entities	Allowed Tariff (sen/kWh)	Variation in Sales (GWh)	Adjustment (RM mil)	
Revenue Cap Entities	12.60	(6,839)	(860.4)	

#### Price Cap

FY2023 Variation in ASP (sen/kWh)



- Any excess/shortfall of revenue earned due to higher/lower Average Selling Price (ASP) compared to Base Tariff is adjusted through revenue adjustment mechanism.
- For FY2023, the ASP recorded was higher than the Base Tariff, thus the amount is to be returned via revenue adjustment mechanism.

Business Entities	Actual Sales (GWh)	Variation in ASP (sen/kWh)	Adjustment (RM mil)	
Price Cap Entity	123,206	0.22	(278.2)	

<sup>\*</sup>SESB has implemented IBR framework starting 1January 2022

## nurchase cost Bette

## Lower Y-o-Y operating expenses due to lower fuel and power purchase cost

	4QFY23	3QFY23	Variance (4QFY23 vs 3QFY23)		FY2023	FY2022		ance s FY2022)
	(RM mil)	(RM mil)	RM mil	%	(RM mil)	(RM mil)	RM mil	%
Non-TNB IPPs Costs	3,992.1	3,797.0	195.1	5.1	15,498.4	17,999.5	(2,501.1)	(13.9)
Capacity Payment	47.7	30.9	16.8	54.4	(12.8)	(328.5)	315.7	(96.1)
Energy Payment	3,944.4	3,766.1	178.3	4.7	15,511.2	18,328.0	(2,816.8)	(15.4)
TNB Fuel Costs	4,552.3	4,341.8	210.5	4.8	19,452.3	25,084.5	(5,632.2)	(22.5)
Fuel Costs	4,457.0	4,309.2	147.8	3.4	19,954.7	20,315.1	(360.4)	(1.8)
Fuel Price Adjustment	95.3	32.6	62.7	>100.0	(502.4)	4,769.4	(5,271.8)	>(100.0)
Total OPEX - Fuel and Power Purchase	8,544.4	8,138.8	<b>1</b> 405.6	5.0	34,950.7	43,084.0 1	(8,133.3)	(18.9)
Staff Costs	1,033.5	914.9	118.6	13.0	3,889.1	3,801.8	87.3	2.3
Repair & Maintenance	874.5	810.8	63.7	7.9	3,030.8	2,499.8	531.0	21.2
TNB General Expenses	735.8	435.4	300.4	69.0	1,950.2	1,873.5	76.7	4.1
Subs. General Expenses	775.8	605.2	170.6	28.2	2,284.6	1,950.5	334.1	17.1
Total OPEX - Non Fuel	3,419.6	2,766.3	653.3	23.6	11,154.7	10,125.6	1,029.1	10.2
Total Operating Expenses (without Depreciation)	11,964.0	10,905.1	1,058.9	9.7	46,105.4	53,209.6	(7,104.2)	(13.4)
Depreciation & Amortisation	2,897.3	2,771.1	126.2	4.6	11,265.7	11,402.5	(136.8)	(1.2)
Total Operating Expenses	14,861.3	13,676.2	1,185.1	8.7	57,371.1	64,612.1	(7,241.0)	(11.2)

Lower fuel and power purchase cost due to lower coal price (refer Fuel Cost slide).

FY2023 vs FY2022: Higher expenses driven by higher R&M activities.

## Lower overall fuel costs due to lower coal price in FY2023



Table A – TNB & IPP Fuel Costs for Peninsular (RM mil)

Fuel Type	EV2022	FY2022	Variance		
Fuel Type	FY2023	F 1 2022	RM mil	%	
Coal	20,388.3	28,941.8	(8,553.5)	(29.6)	
Gas	10,868.1	10,592.2	276.0	2.6	
Distillate	268.2	606.2	(338.0)	(55.8)	
Oil	29.7	107.8	(78.1)	(72.4)	
Total*	31,554.4	40,248.0	(8,693.6)	(21.6)	

<sup>\*</sup>Comprises TNB Fuel Costs & fuel payments to IPPs (part of Energy Payment), exclude solar.

Table B – TNB & IPP Units Generated for Peninsular (GWh)

Fuel Type	FY20:	FY2023		)22	Variance		
Fuel Type	GWh	Gen. Mix	GWh	Gen. Mix	GWh	%	
Coal	76,306.2	57.0%	72,917.6	55.9%	3,388.6	4.6	
Gas & LNG	49,028.8	36.7%	48,477.3	37.2%	551.5	1.1	
Distillate	201.7	0.2%	680.5	0.5%	(478.8)	(70.4)	
Oil	32.8	0.0%	2.8	0.0%	30.0	>100	
Hydro	6,138.9	4.6%	6,751.2	5.2%	(612.3)	(9.1)	
Solar	2,045.5	1.5%	1,622.5	1.2%	423.0	26.1	
Total	133,753.9	100.0%	130,451.9	100.0%	3,302.0	2.5	

Table C - Fuel Costs Related Data

Fuel statistics	FY2023	FY2022
Average Coal Price Delivered (USD/MT)(CIF)	134.0	212.5
Average Coal Price Delivered (RM/MT)(CIF)	609.7	935.0
Coal Consumption (mil MT)	33.1	31.9
	1QFY23	1QFY22
Gas Reference Market Price (RM/mmbtu)	Tier 1: 30.0	Tier 1: 30.0
	Tier 2: 62.1	Tier 2: 36.9
	2QFY23	2QFY22
	Tier 1: 30.0	Tier 1: 30.0
	Tier 2 : 51.7	Tier 2: 38.2
	3QFY23	3QFY22
	Tier 1: 30.0	Tier 1: 30.0
	Tier 2: 44.9	Tier 2: 43.4
	4QFY23	4QFY22
	Tier 1: 30.0	Tier 1: 30.0
	Tier 2: 42.7	Tier 2 : 51.2
Daily Average Piped Gas Volume (mmscfd)	878	886

Table D – Average Coal Price Delivered (USD/MT)

	FY2023	FY2022	Variance		
	F 12023	Γ12022	USD	%	
FOB	124.3	198.7	(74.4)	(37.4)	
Freight	9.2	13.3	(4.1)	(30.5)	
Others	0.4	0.5	(0.1)	(15.7)	
CIF	134.0	212.5	(78.5)	(36.9)	

## Higher Q-o-Q fuel costs mainly due to higher generation from gas



Table A – TNB & IPP Fuel Costs for Peninsular (RM mil)

Fuel Type	4QFY23	3QFY23	2QFY23	1QFY23	Variance 4QFY	'23 vs 3QFY23
Fuel Type	447123	JULIZO	ZUFIZO	IUFIZO	RM mil	%
Coal	4,625.8	4,532.2	5,640.9	5,589.3	93.6	2.1
Gas	2,926.2	2,505.3	2,495.9	2,940.7	420.9	16.8
Distillate	53.9	95.8	81.6	37.0	(41.9)	(43.7)
Oil	(0.2)	18.1	10.2	1.6	(18.3)	>(100.0)
Total*	7,605.8	7,151.4	8,228.6	8,568.6	454.4	6.4

<sup>\*</sup>Comprises TNB Fuel Costs & fuel payments to IPPs (part of Energy Payment), exclude solar.

Table C - Fuel Costs Related Data

Fuel statistics	4QFY23	3QFY23	2QFY23	1QFY23
Average Coal Price Delivered (USD/MT)(CIF)	115.8	113.4	137.3	177.5
Average Coal Price Delivered (RM/MT)(CIF)	543.4	524.6	623.2	779.4
Coal Consumption (mil MT)	8.0	8.8	8.9	7.5
	4QFY23	3QFY23	2QFY23	1QFY23
Gas Reference Market Price (RM/mmbtu)	Tier 1 : 30.0	Tier 1: 30.0	Tier 1: 30.0	Tier 1: 30.0
	Tier 2 : 42.7	Tier 2: 44.9	Tier 2: 51.7	Tier 2 : 62.1
Daily Average Piped Gas Volume (mmscfd)	934	831	840	907

#### Table B – TNB & IPP Units Generated for Peninsular (GWh)

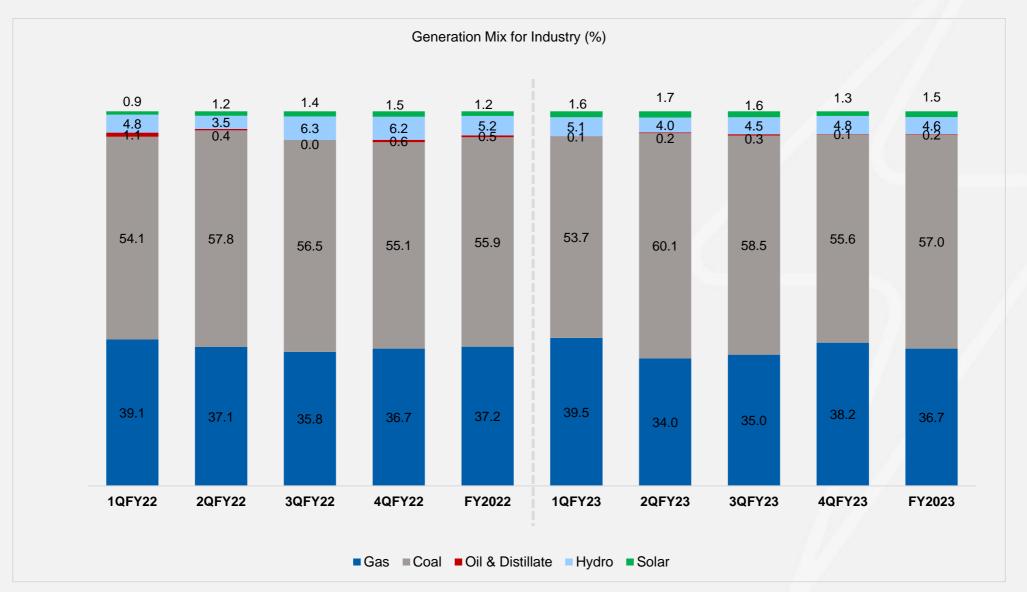
Fuel Type	4QF\	<b>/23</b>	3QF\	/23	2QF\	/23	1QF\	/23	Variance 4	QFY23 vs 3QFY23
ruei iype	GWh	Gen. Mix	GWh	Gen. Mix	GWh	Gen. Mix	GWh	Gen. Mix	GWh	%
Coal	18,935.1	55.6%	19,986.0	58.5%	20,470.6	60.1%	16,914.5	53.7%	(1,050.9)	(5.3)
Gas & LNG	13,022.4	38.2%	11,967.4	35.0%	11,597.7	34.0%	12,441.3	39.5%	1,055.0	8.8
Distillate	26.0	0.1%	76.2	0.2%	67.7	0.2%	31.8	0.1%	(50.2)	(65.8)
Oil	-	0.0%	32.6	0.1%	0.1	0.0%	0.1	0.0%	(32.6)	(100.0)
Hydro	1,645.1	4.8%	1,540.6	4.5%	1,361.8	4.0%	1,591.4	5.1%	104.6	6.8
Solar	426.6	1.3%	547.6	1.6%	566.5	1.7%	504.7	1.6%	(121.0)	(22.1)
Total	34,055.3	100.0%	34,150.4	100.0%	34,064.4	100.0%	31,483.8	100.0%	(95.1)	(0.3)

Table D – Average Coal Price Delivered (USD/MT)

	4QFY23	3QFY23	2QFY23	1QFY23	Variance 4QI	Y23 vs 3QFY23
	40(112)	JWI IZJ	ZWIIZJ	ועוובט	USD	%
FOB	106.1	104.2	127.9	167.1	1.9	1.8
Freight	9.3	8.7	8.9	10.0	0.6	6.3
Others	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	(0.0)	(4.8)
CIF	115.8	113.4	137.3	177.5	2.4	2.1

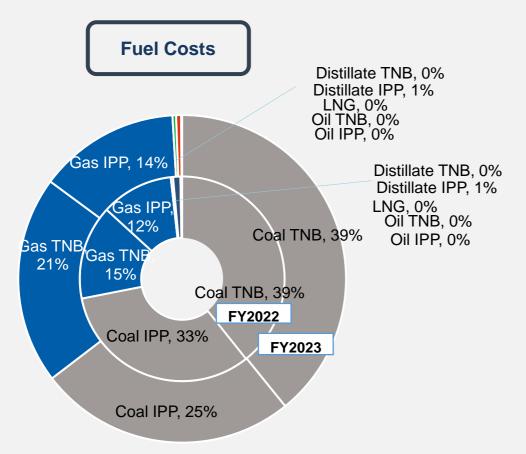


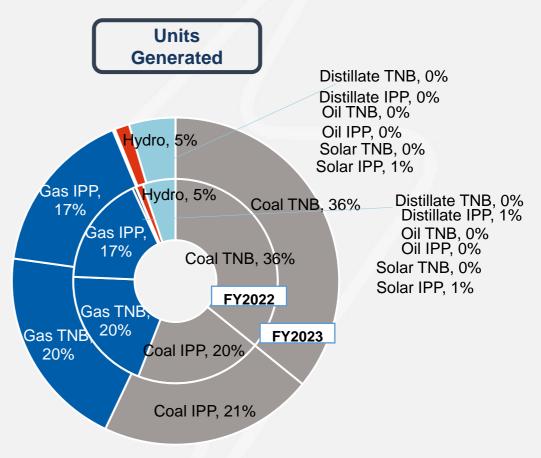




## Fuel Costs & Units Generated (TNB & IPPs – Peninsular) in FY2023







% indicates generation market share

■Gas ■Coal ■Oil & Distillate ■Hydro ■Solar

Note: Fuel Costs exclude solar and hydro

## TNB is neutral to volatility in fuel costs under the ICPT framework

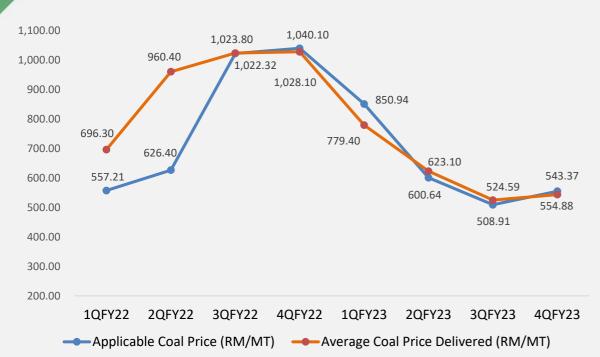


	1QFY23	2QFY23	3QFY23	4QFY23	FY2023
	(RM mil)				
Single Buyer Actual Generation Costs: (A)	11,260.0	11,022.4	10,238.5	10,357.3	42,878.2
Actual Sales (GWh)	29,113.2	31,153.3	31,448.1	31,491.4	123,206.0
Single Buyer Tariff (RM/kWh)	0.2620	0.2620	0.2620	0.2620	0.2620
Actual Gen Cost Recovered (RM mil) (B)	7,627.7	8,162.2	8,239.4	8,250.7	32,280.0
ICPT Surcharge / (Rebate) (C) (C = A – B)	3,632.3	2,860.2	1,999.1	2,106.6	10,598.2

Note: Numbers manually computed will not match due to decimal variance



#### **Coal Price Trending**



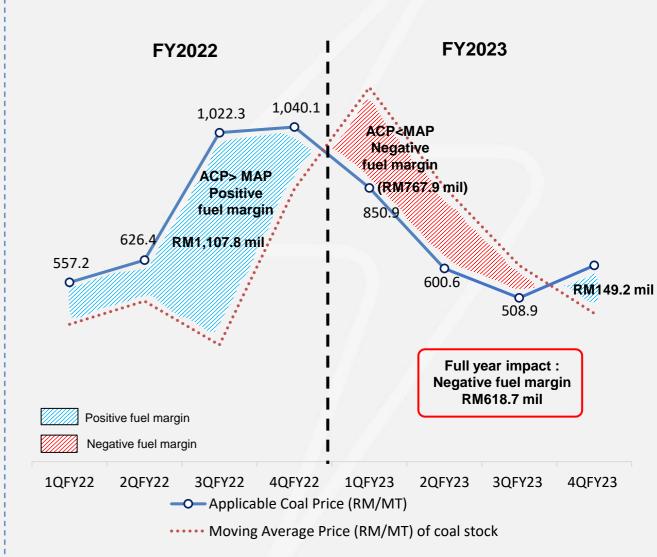
Coal Price & Applicable Coal Price (ACP) comparison

	1QFY22	2QFY22	3QFY22	4QFY22	1QFY23	2QFY23	3QFY23	4QFY23
Average Coal Price Delivered (RWmmbtu) *	31.88	46.76	48.88	44.96	35.85	29.43	24.31	24.36
ACP (RWmmbtu)	25.53	28.70	46.84	47.65	38.77	27.52	23.32	25.42

<sup>\*</sup> Based on internal conversion

- Fuel Price Adjustment (FPA) is the difference between the Applicable Coal Price (ACP) billed to generators and the actual coal price paid to supplier (delivered) by TNBF. The difference is caused by higher or lower coal price or due to currency exchange.
- ACP is set by Energy Commission on a monthly basis starting from August 2022.
- In 4QFY23, the base ACP (RM25.42/mmbtu) used for billing the generators was higher than the coal price paid to supplier (RM24.36/mmbtu).

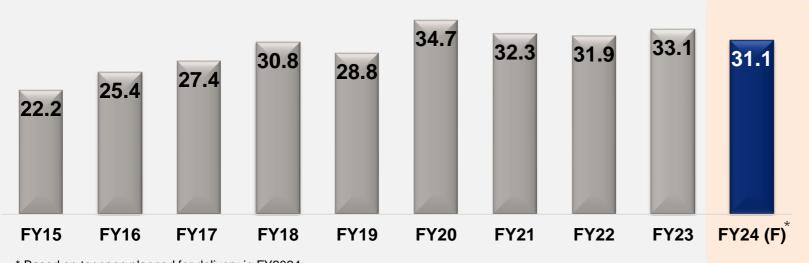
# Fuel Margin: Applicable Coal Price (ACP) vs Moving Average Price (MAP)

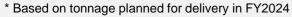


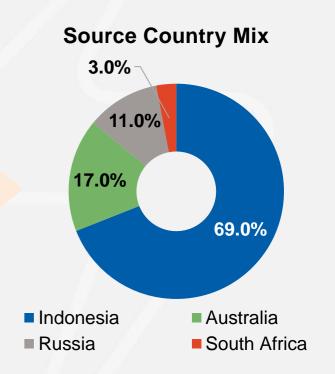
## Industry coal requirement forecast for FY2024



#### **Coal Consumption (mil MT)**







## **Group CAPEX**







8,853.2

& Subsidiaries



# Regulated CAPEX and Regulated Asset Base (RAB)

	RP3 REGULATED ENTITIES CAPEX						
FY	IBR Approved RM mil	Actual YTD RM mil	Utilisation (%)				
2023	6,973.1	8,022.2	>100%				

Total RAB (RM mil)		
Actual As at 31 Dec 2023	Approved FY2023	
64,914.6	64,768.7	

Regulatory net returns: RM5,009.1 mil

& Retail

## Gearing improved to 50.3% as at FY2023



	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2022
Total Debt (RM bil)	61.8	63.9
Net Debt* (RM bil)	40.8	50.8
Gearing (%)	50.3	51.2
Net Gearing (%)	33.2	40.7



4.75%

(FY'22: 4.63%)

**Effective Average** 

**Cost of Borrowing\*\*** 

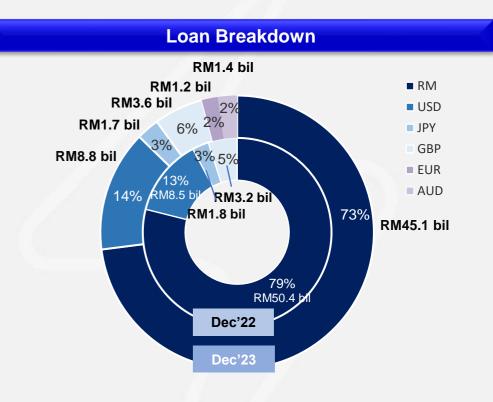


95:5

(FY'22: 99:1)

Fixed : Floating

Final Exposure



Closing FOREX	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2022
USD/RM	4.593	4.412
100YEN/RM	3.246	3.326
GBP/RM	5.854	5.312
AUD/RM	3.141	-
EUR/RM	5.083	-

<sup>\*</sup> Net Debt excludes deposits, bank and cash balances and investment in UTF

<sup>\*\*</sup> Inclusive of interest rate swap

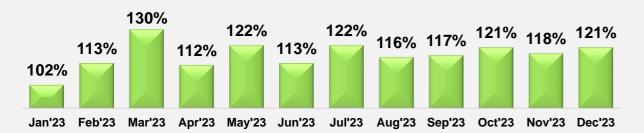
## Trade receivables as at FY2023

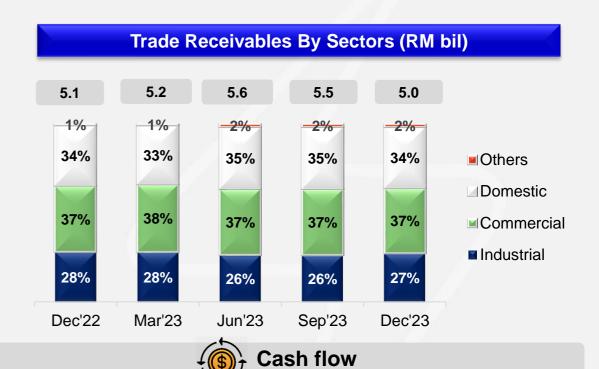






#### Improvement in collection trend





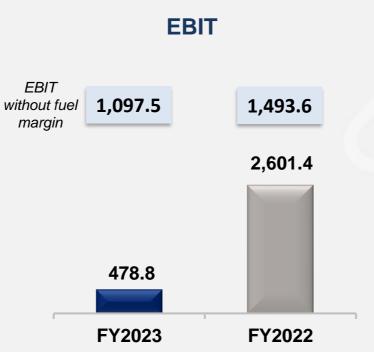
• We continuously monitor our cash flow position on a daily basis and remain prudent on our working capital management.

## **Domestic generation business performance**











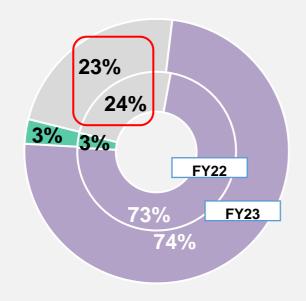
#### Lower EBIT and PAT mainly due to:

- Impact of negative fuel margin of RM618.7 mil; and
- CRF step down of certain power plants starting from 3QFY22 of RM437.7 mil.

## Revenue from coal stabilised below 25%, in line with longer-term aspiration



#### **Actual Group Revenue\***





- \* Total revenue includes ICPT
- \*\* Others include revenue from regulated business, subsidiaries and generation from gas



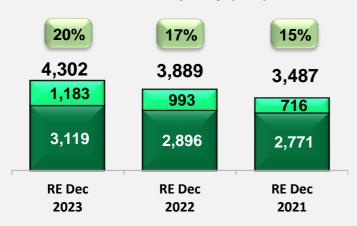
- No new coal plant investment
- Reduction of coal capacity by 50% by 2035 and coal-free by 2050

## Our RE journey is progressing well



#### TNB RE Journey

Renewable capacity (MW)



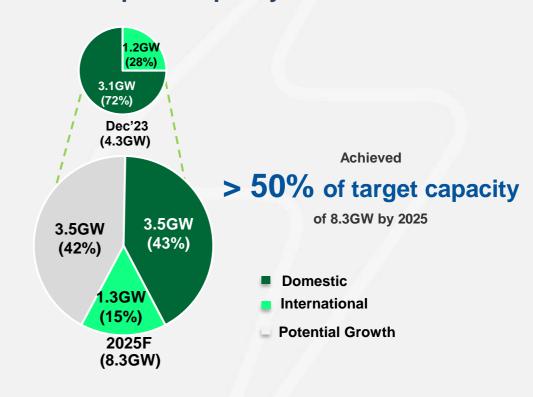


- International
- Domestic

#### Note:

- RE capacity includes large hydro
- Gross RE Capacity
- Solar capacity is quoted in MWp starting from 2QFY23

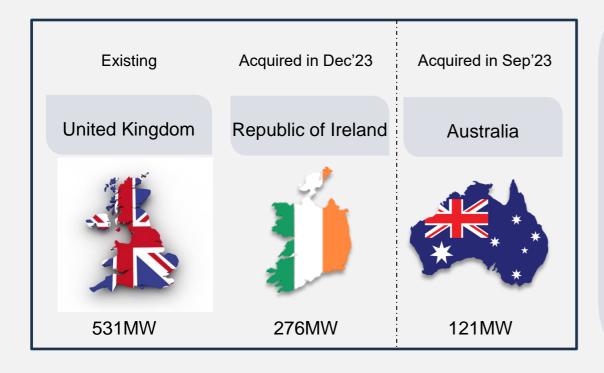
### **TNB Group RE Capacity**



## International Investments: Renewable Energy (RE)



#### **TNB International Sdn Bhd (TNBI)**



TNBI, a TNB wholly owned subsidiary incorporated under the laws of Malaysia.

TNBI is a platform focused on capturing renewable energy opportunities, attracting a broader range of financiers and partnerships and showing TNB's commitment to ESG.

An agile organisation spearheading TNB's Energy Transition initiative via contribution towards supporting key milestones in TNB's Net Zero 2050 journey.

Technology Focus:



Solar farms

Onshore wind



## International Investments: Renewable Energy (RE)



#### TNB INTERNATIONAL SDN BHD

#### **Financial Performance**

- Full year contribution from newly acquired onshore wind portfolio in the UK (97.3MW) in April 2022.
- Higher tariff via various schemes (ROC, FiT & locked-in PPA prices) in 2023 within Vantage portfolio.

#### **Outlook**

- In the UK, we expect additional 102MWp solar plant currently under development to achieve the Commercial Operation Date ("COD") in 2024. The solar plant, under a 15-year CfD subsidy scheme, is expected to provide consistent long-term returns.
- In December 2023, we have also successfully expanded our footprint to Republic of Ireland, via acquisition of 276MWp operational solar plant.
- For Australia, the investment thesis is focused on market expansion through a strategic platform acquisition which includes operational solar assets of 120.5MWp and significant development pipeline of early-stage projects in solar, wind and BESS.

## **International Investments: Non-Core Assets**





SHUAIBAH

#### **Financial Performance**

Lower Y-o-Y EBITDA FY'23 RM647.1 mil (SAR535.1 mil) vs FY'22 RM920.0 mil (SAR784.1 mil) due to lower revenue as a result of reclassification from operating lease to finance lease due to SWEC's project restructuring after the signing of the amended PWPA on 20 June 2022.

#### Outlook:

Shuaibah remains largely unimpacted by the Russia-Ukraine war as the Power and Water Purchase Agreement (PWPA) has been contracted for 20 years with the Saudi Government as the offtaker. Shuaibah's performance is expected to remain positive with a consistent dividend distribution to shareholders.

#### **Financial Performance**

Lower Y-o-Y EBITDA FY'23 RM613.47 mil (TRY 2,826.6 mil) vs FY'22 RM878.03 mil (TRY2,889.5 mil) is mainly contributed by lower captured spark spread in FY'23, low industrial demand, and low hydrology level.

# GAMA ENERJÍ A.Ş.

GAMA Enerji A.S. (GEAS)

#### **Outlook:**

The annual inflation rate in Turkey increased to 64.8% Y-o-Y from 61.98% in November 2023. The Central Bank of Turkey has hiked interest rates 7 times this year to 42.5% (May: 8.5%; June: 15.0%; July: 17.5%; Aug: 25%; Sept 30%; Oct 35%; Nov 40%) to control prices. Further tightening is expected to bring inflation under control. No impact to GEAS' debt portfolio as Lira loan debt at ICAN is a fixed rate loan at 10%. Turkish Lira continues to remain depressed at 29.52 TRY/USD (Nov: 28.85), as the re-elected government continues towards a more conventional economic policy approach with the central bank's decision to tighten monetary policy. Outlook for the short term, the rate hike and tighter monetary policy may increase borrowing costs and reduce credit access for businesses and consumers. Furthermore, Lira are forecasted to depreciates further to TRY/USD 32.64 and inflation to 70% levels in 2024. Outlook for the longer term, the more conventional economic measures aim to stabilise the economy, curb inflation, restore market confidence, and promote sustainable economic growth.



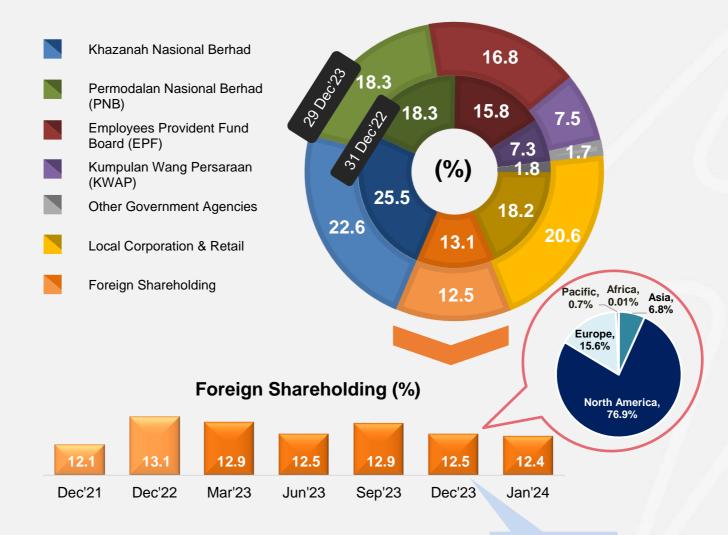
(GEL)

On 17 November 2023, TNB has entered into a Settlement Agreement for the divestment of 29.14% stake in GEL. The transaction was completed on 22 November 2023 and GEL ceased as an associate of TNB.

Reported at 3 months lagging

## **Shareholdings**





Institutional: 12.33% Individual: 0.14%



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